



Feasibility analysis and development of on-road charging solutions  
for future electric vehicles

## Supply chain factors

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# Purpose of the task

**Assessment of the future supply chain** for on-road charging for its maturity, reliability, efficiency and stability.

Identify **risks or bottlenecks** such as lack of sufficient production capacity of certain components required for on-road charging.

Challenge: As this technology is not yet deployed, components are either:

- off-the-shelf (used for other applications), or
- need to be specially built (production capacity is currently low and no industrial supply chain exists)

Approach: Collect views of component suppliers and other stakeholders on:

- Supply chain issues
- Potential bottlenecks
- Expected level of competition and prices

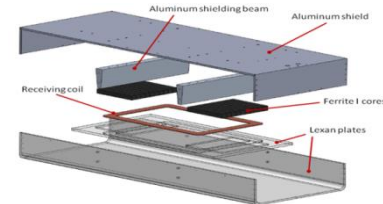
# Scope

Main focus is on the Italian Wireless Power Transfer solution in FABRIC, as components are known.

But supply chain issues for other solutions (wireless & conductive) will be included where components are known and can be analysed.

The Politecnico di Torino solution includes the following main elements:

- Transmitter (road)
- Receiver (vehicle)
- DC/DC converter (vehicle)
- Supercaps box (power room)
- AC/DC converter (power room)



# Questionnaire

A questionnaire was developed (aimed at component manufacturers) as a basis for discussion, including:

- Which components are manufactured, current production, expected evolution.
- Length of manufacturing process and capacity to cope with different production increases.
- How many suppliers are used for raw materials (or components), their location, their capacities to respond to changes in demand.
- Any components that make use rare earth metals or expensive materials.
- Expected evolution of unit prices.
- Current and expected future level of competition.

# Questionnaire issues and responses

Few were able to respond, as the questionnaire dealt with future scenarios and demand that does not currently exist

A key bottleneck identified was the availability of highly qualified engineers:

- Current engineers are fully deployed on static wireless charging.
- The decision to recruit more engineers for further development of dynamic charging will be dependent upon definitive signs that there will be a thriving market for dynamic charging.

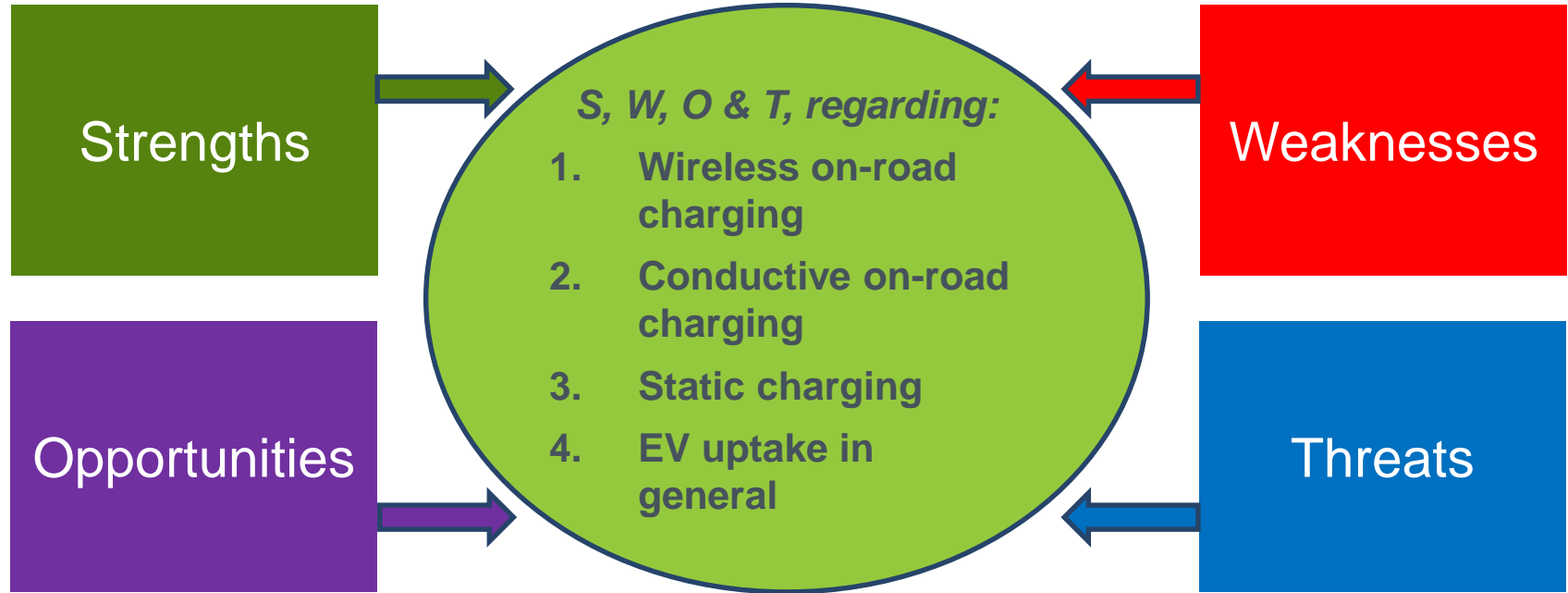
Level of competition currently low, expected to increase to a medium (stable) level by 2020 and one respondent expecting high competition by 2030.

No rare earth or other difficult to obtain materials were identified.

One manufacturer expected:

- DC charging control unit: 50,000 per year, to increase by 200% by 2020
- Wireless charging control unit: 5,000 per year, to increase by 1400% by 2020
- Wireless communication control unit: 5,000 per year, to by 1400% by 2020
- No major supply chain problems were envisaged
- Unit prices were expected to fall by 10-20% by 2020 and by 35-55% by 2030.

# Discussion: SWOT



Likelihood of happening:  
Low: <40% / Medium: 40-60% / High >60%

Impact:  
Low / Medium / High



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# Thank you!

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